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(4) Code No. : 01/503(A)	Roll No       Total No. of Sections : 03         Total No. of Printed Pages : 04
Q.4 Define context free grammer and show that the grammer described by following grammer rules is a context free grammer. $s \rightarrow s + s  s-s  s * s    s / s  (s)  a$ OR Show that : $L = \{a^n b^n : n \ge 1\}$ is not regular.	<ul> <li>Code No. : 01/503(A)</li> <li>First Semester Examination, Dec. 2017</li> <li>M.Sc. MATHEMATICS</li> <li>Paper - V</li> <li>ADVANCED DISCRETE MATHEMATICS - I</li> <li>Time : 3 Hrs.</li> <li>Max.Marks : 80</li> <li>Note : Section 'A' consists of 10 very short answer type questions, all of which are compulsory and should be attempted first. Section 'B' consists of four short answer type questions with internal options. Section 'C' consists of four long answer type questions with internal choice.</li> </ul>
	Section - 'A'Answer the following very short-answer-type questions in one or two sentences :Q.1Assign a truth value to $5 < 5 \lor 5 < 6$ .Q.2Write the equivalent proposition of $\neg(p \lor q)$ Q.3Define lattice as partially ordered set.
	<ul> <li>Q.4 Define context sensitive grammer.</li> <li>Q.5 Give the statement of Kleen's theorem.</li> <li>Q.6 Show that the algebraic system <n, *=""> where * is defined by a*b=13, ∀ a,b∈N is a commutative semigroup.</n,></li> <li>Q.7 Draw Karnaugh map for two variables.</li> <li>Q.8 Define language with an example.</li> <li>Q.9 Given the truth values of P and Q as T and those of R and S as F, find the truth value of the following</li> </ul>
C	$(P \land (Q \land R)) \lor Q) \land (R \lor S))$ P.T.O.

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	(2) Code No. : 01/503(A)	0	•	(3) Code No. : 01/503(A)
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Q.10	Define regular grammer.	0	•	Section - 'C'
	Section - 'B'	0	01	Answer the following questions :(10x4=40)Explain the following terms and also give examples to explain
	Answer the following questions : (5x4=20)	0	Q.1	them :
Q.1	Show that : $P \to (Q \to R) \Leftrightarrow P \to (\neg Q \lor R) \Leftrightarrow (P \land Q) \to R$	0	0	(i) Quantifier (ii) Universal quantifier
	OR	0	0	(iii) Existential quantifier (iv) Negative of a quantifier
	For any commutative monoid $< M, * >$ , show that the set of	0	C	OR
Q.2	idempotent elements of M forms a submonoid. Show that every chain is lattice.	0	C	Define monoides with example. Let s be a non empty set and $p(s)$ be its power set. Then prove that the algebraic struture $(n(a), L)$ is a manaida
	OR	0	2.2	(p(s), U) is a monoide. A lattice L is distributive if and only if
	Replace the following switching circuit by a simpler one	0	C.2	$(a \lor b) \land (b \lor c) \land (c \lor a) = (a \land b) \lor (b \land c) \lor (c \land a), \forall, a, b, c \in L$
		0	C C	OR
		0	C	If a and b are arbitrary elements of a Boolean algebra B then prove that
	z	0	C	(i) $(a+b)' = a'b'$ (ii) $(a b)' = a'+b'$
Q.3	State and prove the Bool's theorem.	0	Q.3	Define conjunctive normal form. Write the function
	OR	0	0	(x+y+z)(xy+x'z)' in conjunctive normal form in which maximum number of variables are used.
	Simplify the Boolean expression $E(x_1, x_2) = x_1 x_2 + x_1 x_2^1$ .	0	C	OR
Q.4	Explain regular expressions and regular sets.	0	0	Use a Karnaugh map to find a minimal form of the function.
	OR	0	0	f(x, y, z, w) = xyzw + xyzw' + xy'zw' + x'y'zw + x'y'zw'
	State and prove pumping lemma.	0	0	
	State and prove pumping feminia.	0	0	
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